
CBE ID

0285

Title

Lower-Extremity Amputation among Patients with Diabetes Rate (PQI 16)

Project

Prevention and Population Health

Endorsement Status

Endorsement Removed

Is Under Review

No

Previous Endorsement Cycle

Spring 2018

Removal Date

Sun, 05/09/2021 - 20:00

Initial Endorsement

Wed, 11/14/2007 - 19:00

Steward

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

1.0 New or Maintenance

Maintenance

1.1 Measure Structure

Single Measure

1.3 Electronic Clinical Quality Measure (eCQM)

No

1.6 Measure Description

Admissions for any-listed diagnosis of diabetes and any-listed procedure of lower-extremity amputation (except toe amputations) per 100,000 population, ages 18 years and older. Excludes any-listed diagnosis of traumatic lower-extremity amputation admissions, obstetric admissions, and transfers from other institutions.

[NOTE: The software provides the rate per population. However, common practice reports the measure as per 100,000 population. The user must multiply the rate obtained from the software by 100,000 to report admissions per 100,000 population.]

1.7 Measure Type

Outcome

1.8 Level of Analysis

Population: Community, County or City, Population: Regional and State

1.9 Care Setting

Hospital

1.14 Numerator

Discharges, for patients ages 18 years and older, with any-listed ICD-10-PCS procedure codes for lower-extremity amputation and any-listed ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes for diabetes.

1.15 Denominator

Population ages 18 years and older in metropolitan area† or county. Discharges in the numerator are assigned to the denominator based on the metropolitan area or county of the patient residence, not the metropolitan area or county of the hospital where the discharge occurred.‡ † The term “metropolitan area” (MA) was adopted by the U.S. Census in 1990 and referred collectively to metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs), and primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs). In addition, “area” could refer to either 1) FIPS county, 2) modified FIPS county, 3) 1999 OMB Metropolitan Statistical Area, or 4) 2003 OMB Metropolitan Statistical Area. Micropolitan Statistical Areas are not used in the QI software. ‡ The denominator can be specified with the diabetic population only and calculated with the SAS QI software through the condition-specific denominator at the state-level feature.

1.20 Types of Data Sources

Claims Data

Exclusions

Not applicable

Risk Adjustment

No risk adjustment or risk stratification

Target Population

Individuals with multiple chronic conditions, Populations at Risk

Steward Organization

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Steward POC email

Pam.Owens@ahrq.hhs.gov