

Full Measure Submission to Partnership for Quality Measurement

Feasibility

Describe the feasibility assessment conducted showing you considered the people, tools, tasks, and technologies necessary to implement this measure.*

CBE #3400 was assessed via qualitative survey of a multi-stakeholder panel. Results of the feasibility assessment, as captured in two survey questions, indicate that CBE #3400 is likely minimally challenging to report, and places minimal burden on users.

In general, there are no concerns with capturing data for this measure using the data elements defined in the specification. All respondents indicated either *No* or *Not Sure/Do Not Know* when asked if there are any challenges with capturing data for the CBE #3400 measure using the described elements. The other survey question related to feasibility showed that 80 percent of respondents either strongly agreed or agreed that reporting this measure does not place undue burden on entities to collect the data (i.e., 40 percent strongly agreed, and 40 percent agreed). One respondent indicated, *Do Not Know or Not Applicable*. These findings suggest that the measure is likely minimally burdensome to report and feasibility is not a concern.

Results from the qualitative survey related to measure feasibility for CBE #3400 appear in **Exhibit 3** and **Exhibit 4**.

Measure-Score Feasibility Results

Exhibit 3. Measure Score Feasibility Results for Question 9: Are there any challenges with capturing data for this measure using the data elements described in the previous section?

Response Option	Response (%)	Response (#)
No	60%	3
Not Sure/Do Not Know	40%	2
Yes	0%	0

Exhibit 4. Measure Score Feasibility Results for Question 10: Reporting this claims-based measure does not place undue burden on states and other entities to collect the data.

Response Option	Response (%)	Response (#)
Strongly Agree	40%	2
Agree	40%	2
Undecided	0%	0
Disagree	0%	0
Strongly Disagree	0%	0
Do Not Know or Not Applicable	20%	1

Scientific Acceptability

Please provide descriptive characteristics of measured entities included in the analysis (e.g., size, location, type).*

As shown in **Exhibit 5**, below, for the 50 states and the District of Columbia, which were included in our analysis, there were 2,591,296 Medicaid beneficiaries in the eligible population who had at least one OUD diagnosis in the measurement year of 2021. Denominator counts for measured entities (eligible state-level Medicaid beneficiaries) ranged from 472 to 64,311 with a median of 13,467 beneficiaries, per entity.

Exhibit 5. Distribution of State Level Denominator Counts

	N	Mean	Min	Decile 1	Decile 2	Decile 3	Decile 4	Median	Decile 6	Decile 7	Decile 8	Decile 9	Decile 10
All Treatment	51	29993.31	29735.91	472	2,933	5,917	9,836	13,467	21,405	28,806	36,600	50,096	64,311

Denominator: Attrition Results

Identify the number and descriptive characteristics (e.g., age, sex, race, diagnosis), of the level(s) of analysis, for example, patient, encounter or episode, separated by level of analysis and data source.*

As shown in **Exhibit 6**, below, 50.4 percent of beneficiaries were in the 25 to 44 age category followed by 33.1 percent in the 45 to 64 grouping. Approximately 51 percent of the beneficiaries eligible for the denominator were female. Non-Hispanic white beneficiaries accounted for about 62 percent of the denominator, followed by other/multiracial (14.2 percent), Black, non-Hispanic (13.5 percent) and Hispanic beneficiaries of all races (approximately 10.3 percent). Approximately 21.8 percent of denominator were dually eligible beneficiaries.

Exhibit 6. Beneficiaries by Key Demographic Characteristic

Beneficiary Characteristic	N	% of Denominator
Age (n Missing=1,141)		
18–24	88,137	4.2%
25–44	1,054,748	50.4%
45–64	693,455	33.1%
65+	256,777	12.3%
Sex (n Missing=1,274)		
Female	1,060,960	50.7%
Male	1,032,024	49.3%
Race (n Missing=589,446)		
White, Non-Hispanic	1,307,753	62.0%
Black, Non-Hispanic	284,184	13.5%
Hispanic, All Races	217,141	10.3%
Other/Multiracial/Unknown	298,527	14.2%
Dual Eligibility Status (n missing=0)		
Dually Enrolled (Medicare and Medicaid)	455,498	21.8%
Medicaid Only	1,638,760	78.3%